Philby Directed, Exposed Albanian Venture

London Sunday Times

Service, moved into a new job gether the story of the worst banians," based in Italy and in Washington in October, lisaster that was ultimately apparently a front organizational structive phase of his long the Albanian debacle. In the spring of 1950, the career as a double agent career as a double agent.

Philby went to America as liaison man between the SIS and the American CIA. Now he was at the heart of Western intelligence — at a time when, as a top CIA man of the period said, "relations were closer than they have heart of the content of the most expectation."

What Philby betrayed in First in small groups, then in First in First in Small groups, then in First in Fi been between any two services at any time."

said, "that at this time the CIA regarded themselves a most as novices."

most brilliant operative, had particular value to the CIA measy empire. at this time. Being the Western expert on the subject, he virtually set up the CIA's tion.

The damage Philby did du ing his two years in Washing-

Iton is almost impossible to as-

What Philby betrayed in

the West, the Albanian affair was a disaster costing 150 ives. For Russia it was a Philby, considered Britain's hasty preview of what could happen in other parts of her

In 1949, the weakest sector of the Russian empire was the Balkans. The Communist rebanti-Soviet espionage operatels in Greece were on the oint of collapse. Yugoslavia was Communist but had broken with Russia. Even Alpania was unsteady. The Yu-coslav Communists had run Albania since the war, but now Tito's cooling had forced Russia to move her own "technicians" and "advisers" into Albania.

At this point the British Foreign Office and the American State Department had the same idea: Could Albania nationalism be harnessed to overthrow Russian influence? And could the process of disaffection even be helped along

Ernest Bevin, the Foreign Sccretary, was adamantly opposed to the idea. But he was persuaded to sanction a "pilot experiment" in subversion: a clandestine operation, to be organized jointly by the SIS and the CIA to infiltrate guerrilla bands into Albania to foment anti-Russian uprisings.

The man responsible for coordinating the British and American halves of the joint operation was, naturally, the British liaison man in Washington, Kim Philby. His experience as ex-controller of the Turkish station — the biggest and most active in that part of the world-made his advice

Certainly, the operation was LONDON — Harold (Kin) sess without access to secret steps was the formation Philby, the Soviet spy who information. But The London around the summer of 1949 had penetrated the heart of Sunday Times has pieced to of a "committee of free Additional Committee of free A the British Secret Intelligence Sunday Times has picced to of a "committee of free Al-

guerrillas were ready to go. First in small groups, then in

the their old homes and try to stir raordinary secrets of the their old homes and try to stir Cold War. It has suited both up trouble there—taking to "You must remember," he sides to leave it that way. For the mountains if things got too hot.

> It was a disaster. The Russians just seemed to know they were coming. -

Within a month, 150 or so guerrillas — about half the total force — were either killed or captured, along with a number of Albanians who had been unwise enough to welcome the warriors.

The 150 survivors struggled back into Greece — to the embarrassment of the Greek government. The SIS in London had to hastily bully the bewildered Home Office into allowing 150 mysterious Albanians into Britain (where a weird "welcome back" party was thrown for them at the Caxton Hall in London). It is unclear whether the Home Office was told the truth about these refugees - according to the source the Albanians were improbably described as "good friends of ours in Greece.

were pointed to Philby, they thought. But in Britian the SIS appeared not to have accepted even the evidence of treach; erv.

Knowing what is now known of Philby, it is clear that the Albanian expedition - and, indeed, many other aspects of the information flow between British and American intelligence - must have been leaker ed to the Russians. The effect. was totally to discredit in British eyes the policy of "positive intervention", in Communist Europe, and to weaken it for some years in America. 1605

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